

**STATE OF ILLINOIS  
ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION**

|                                      |   |         |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| Illinois Commerce Commission         | : |         |
| On Its Own Motion                    | : |         |
|                                      | : | 15-0534 |
| -vs-                                 | : |         |
|                                      | : |         |
| Ameren Illinois Company d/b/a Ameren | : |         |
| Illinois                             | : |         |
|                                      | : |         |
| Reconciliation of revenues collected | : |         |
| under power procurement riders with  | : |         |
| actual costs associated with power   | : |         |
| procurement expenditures.            | : |         |
|                                      | : |         |

**DRAFT PROPOSED ORDER**

By Order of the Illinois Commerce Commission (Commission):

**I. INTRODUCTION AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY**

On September 22, 2015, the Commission entered an Order (Initiating Order) directing Ameren Illinois Company d/b/a Ameren Illinois (Ameren Illinois) to present evidence showing the reconciliation of revenues collected under its power procurement riders with the actual costs incurred in connection with the related procurement activities. The reconciliation period relevant to this docket is the 12 months beginning June 1, 2013 and ending May 31, 2014 (Reconciliation Period). Appearances were entered by counsel for Ameren Illinois and for the Staff of the Commission. No petitions to intervene were filed.

Pursuant to due notice given in accordance with the law and the rules and regulations of the Commission, pre-hearing conferences were held before a duly authorized Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) of the Commission at its offices in Springfield, Illinois. On March 18, 2016, Ameren Illinois filed the direct testimony of Richard L. McCartney (Ameren Ex. 1.0), David J. Brueggeman (Ameren Ex. 2.0), and Dominic S. Perniciaro (Ameren Ex. 3.0, 3.1-3.7). On June 7, 2016, Staff filed the direct testimony of Daniel Kahle (ICC Staff Ex. 1.0). This testimony included Schedule 1.01. On June 22, 2016, Ameren Illinois filed the affidavits of Mr. McCartney (Ameren Ex. 1.1), Mr. Brueggeman (Ameren Ex. 2.1), and Mr. Perniciaro (Ameren Ex. 3.8). On June 16, 2016, Staff filed the affidavit of Mr. Kahle (ICC Staff Ex. 2.0). During an evidentiary hearing on June 22, 2016 all exhibits were entered into evidence without objection. At the hearing it was confirmed that there were no contested issues and that the parties were in agreement on the reconciliation statements at issue in this docket. The record was marked heard and taken on June 22, 2016. An agreed draft proposed order was filed on August 5, 2016.

## II. AMEREN ILLINOIS TESTIMONY

As noted above, Ameren Illinois filed testimony in response to the Initiating Order and in support of approval of the reconciliations. Mr. McCartney provided an overview of Ameren Illinois' planning process prior to the supply procurement activities for customers taking supply on the Company's fixed price tariff (Rider BGS - Basic Generation Service (Rider BGS)) during the Reconciliation Period. Mr. McCartney explained that the Company previously submitted a five-year hourly forecast to the Illinois Power Agency IPA on July 12, 2012. Mr. McCartney testified that customers with peak demands of less than 400 kilowatts (kW) were included in the forecast through April 2014, but effective May 2014, only customers with peak demands less than 150 kilowatts (kW) were included in the forecast since pursuant to the Commission Final Order in Docket 11-0192, on that date the three year competitive declaration transition period expired for customers with peak demands equal to or higher than 150 kW but less than 400 kW. ICC Final Order in Docket 11-0192 at Page 4. Mr. McCartney further testified that effective May 2014 and continuing indefinitely, all customers with peak demand equal to or greater than 150 kW were prohibited from taking Rider BGS supply for which the IPA procures. The IPA subsequently used this forecast as the basis for determining the initial quantities of energy, capacity and renewable energy credits to be pursued in the IPA Procurement Plan (Plan) which was made public as part of an informal comment period on August 15, 2012. The IPA then subsequently filed the Plan with the Commission on September 28, 2012 and this led to the commencement of Docket 12-0544. Subsequent to the commencement of Docket 12-0544, the Company filed a Motion for Leave to File Updated Load Forecast on November 20, 2012 so as to comply with the Plan. Mr. McCartney testified that the Plan included a detailed description of the Company's forecast methodology and the Company's monthly projections per rate class. The merits of the Plan were debated by the Staff and other intervening parties. In its Final Order on December 19, 2012, the Commission accepted the Plan with certain modifications. Mr. McCartney testified that the Commission made no modifications related to the forecast provided by Ameren Illinois and concluded that "the Commission approves the load forecasts attached to the Procurement Plan as modified by the November 16, 2012 ComEd update and the November 20, 2012 AIC updated." The Commission also affirmed that the March 2013 forecast update should be used in determining final procurement quantities subject to consensus among the IPA, Staff, Utilities, Procurement Administrators and Procurement Monitor. Docket 12-0544 Final Order at 68. Consistent with the approved Plan, Mr. McCartney testified that Ameren Illinois provided another updated forecast on March 14, 2013 and consensus was reached on March 27, 2013 among the IPA, Staff, Procurement Administrator, Procurement Monitor and Ameren Illinois.

Mr. McCartney explained what types of products the Plan proposed and the Final Order approved. The approved Plan stated that "both ComEd and Ameren have experienced dramatic reductions in retail load serving obligations since the overwhelmingly successful March 2012 referenda authorizing opt-out aggregation of customers and the consequent opportunities for substantial savings on the supply portion of customers' bills." Final Plan at 2. The Plan concluded that existing block

energy hedges procured in prior years were in excess of forecasted requirements and therefore no additional bilateral procurement should occur in 2013. Further, the Plan recommended that the excess energy hedges settle in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. (MISO) markets. Final Plan at 30. Mr. McCartney testified that while this matter was undisputed in Docket 12-0544, the Commission affirmed this decision and also affirmed the decisions regarding capacity and Renewable Energy Credits (RECs). Final Order at 272 and 109-110 respectively. Regarding capacity, the Plan acknowledged that some existing purchases were made in prior years and recommended that the remaining capacity requirement be procured through the MISO capacity auction in 2013. Final Plan at 4. Regarding RECs, the Plan noted that “the quantity targets for future years in the 2013 Procurement Plan’s planning horizon have been more than met by prior long term purchases.” Final Plan at 84. The Plan therefore recommended no procurement of RECs in 2013. Final Plan at 4. Mr. McCartney testified that the Plan also acknowledged that existing procurements of renewables could cause the spending cap to be exceeded during the Reconciliation Period. This created the potential for the Utilities to invoke a partial curtailment of existing Long Term Power Purchase Agreements (LTPPAs procured by the IPA as part of Docket 09-0373), which in turn would keep the purchase of renewables under the spending cap. The IPA proposed that partial curtailments, if any, be based on the March 2013 forecast update after consensus of the IPA, Staff, Utilities, Procurement Administrators and Procurement Monitor. The Commission approved the IPA recommendation. Final Order at 110. Mr. McCartney testified that consistent with the Final Order, the Ameren Illinois provided the updated forecast on March 14, 2013, and this forecast affirmed that existing purchases of RECs were in excess of targeted requirements and therefore no additional procurement of RECs was warranted during the Reconciliation Period. However, the forecast also revealed that the renewable budget for Rider BGS customers was not exceeded and therefore a partial curtailment of the LTPPAs was not necessary to keep expenditures below the spending cap. As a result of the updated forecast, consensus among the IPA, Staff, Ameren Illinois, Procurement Administrator and Procurement Monitor was reached on March 27, 2013.

Mr. McCartney testified that the IPA made no additional procurements of energy, capacity or RECs during the Reconciliation Period, and that in addition to energy, capacity and RECs, the Plan also included a description of how Ameren Illinois would procure services such as network transmission service, load balancing services, ancillary services, and auction revenue rights. The Commission approved these types of services as described in the Plan. Mr. McCartney explained that the Plan contained a proposal for a Clean Coal facility and described the conclusion reached by the Commission. The Plan included a recommendation to approve a power purchase agreement from FutureGen 2.0. Final Plan at 78-83. The Commission ordered that FutureGen should contract only with the utilities that would then subsequently recover costs from all delivery service customers regardless of whether supplied by the utility or an Alternative Retail Electric Supplier (ARES). Final Order at 236. Mr. McCartney testified that Docket 13-0034 commenced as a result of the Commission ordering that remaining language associated with the pending Sourcing Agreement between FutureGen and the utilities be addressed in a separate proceeding. Final Order at 234.

After several workshops between parties to Docket 13-0034, the Commission was presented a Sourcing Agreement which was mutually agreeable among impacted parties; the Commission ordered that the utilities and FutureGen should execute the Sourcing Agreement. Final Order at 18. Consistent with the Final Order, Ameren Illinois and FutureGen executed the Sourcing Agreement on August 22, 2013. Since that date, FutureGen has been unable to obtain adequate capital so as to commence construction of its planned generating facility and therefore FutureGen invoked its right under the Sourcing Agreement to terminate. FutureGen sent its termination letter to Ameren Illinois on February 9, 2016 and Ameren Illinois acknowledged it. With termination now complete, neither party has any remaining obligation under the Sourcing Agreement. Mr. McCartney testified that Ameren Illinois would seek Commission termination of the approved Clean Coal Adjustment Rider which would have been the cost-recovery mechanism had FutureGen proceeded with construction and in-service declaration.

Mr. McCartney testified about the planning process and the energy and capacity procurement process for customers taking supply under the Company's real-time pricing tariffs (Rider RTP – Real Time Pricing (Rider RTP) and Rider HSS – Hourly Supply Service (Rider HSS)). He testified that forecasts were created prior to and during the Reconciliation Period using three primary sources, which were used to estimate monthly capacity requirements and daily energy requirements for customers: (1) billing data for those customers actively taking service on Rider RTP and Rider HSS, and those customers who were pending to take such supply in the next billing cycle; (2) historical hourly consumption data associated with the Midcontinent Independent Transmission System Operator (MISO) settlement process; and (3) letters of intent associated with the summer notification process identified in Rider HSS and/or other less formal types of communications between customers and personnel working in the Key Accounts Department for Ameren Illinois.

Mr. McCartney also testified about the procurement process for Rider RTP and Rider HSS. Mr. McCartney further testified that Ameren Illinois' tariff for Rider RTP and Rider HSS defines the general parameters for procuring the capacity and energy required to service Ameren Illinois' real time pricing customer load, and that the capacity and energy purchases were made consistent with the parameters included in this tariff. Specifically, Mr. McCartney explained that all energy associated with Rider RTP and Rider HSS was priced based on MISO's Locational Marginal Pricing (LMP) methodology. Mr. McCartney further explained that for each operating day during the Reconciliation Period at issue in this docket, Ameren Illinois submitted an hourly megawatt forecast to MISO the day prior to the operating day pertaining to the applicable Rider RTP and Rider HSS load. Once submitted to MISO, Mr. McCartney explained, this forecast became a financially binding "Demand Bid," which subsequently was priced at the MISO hourly day ahead LMPs. Any difference between the day ahead forecast and the actual energy used by customers was settled at hourly real time LMPs. Mr. McCartney stated that, the Reconciliation Period represented the first year of the MISO annual capacity construct, whereas in previous years MISO used a monthly capacity construct. As explained by Mr. McCartney, under the annual capacity construct, Zonal Resource Credits (ZRCs) replaced Planning Resource Credits as the

means to satisfy the MISO resource adequacy requirement. All of the capacity (ZRCs) for customers taking supply from Rider RTP and Rider HSS was procured via the MISO auction.

Mr. McCartney testified about the administrative and operational costs associated with the Reconciliation Period. He explained that the costs at issue include, but are not limited to, short and long term forecasting of load, active participation in the IPA procurement plan docket and the planning stages leading up to the procurement process, assisting in the development of bilateral contract terms associated with the IPA procurement, development of the Rider BGS supply price for the upcoming planning year, procurement of capacity for customers on real time pricing tariffs not procured by the IPA, on-going contract administration, invoice check-out and payment to bilateral suppliers under contract, submission of daily demand bids (forecasts) to MISO each day of the year, MISO settlement, nomination of auction revenue rights which offset customer costs, participation in MISO initiatives, implementation of changing MISO business practices and feedback to various interested parties (e.g., IPA, Commission Staff, Procurement Administrator, Procurement Monitor) regarding a variety of MISO issues throughout the course of the year, responding to data requests from regulatory parties. Mr. McCartney concluded that the costs incurred during the reconciliation period were necessary and reasonable because they were consistent with the requirements under the IPA procurement plan and the Commission-approved Ameren Illinois power supply tariffs.

Mr. Brueggeman testified about the power supply procurement process and the products that were purchased in order to satisfy the power supply needs of Ameren Illinois' retail customers taking service under Rider BGS for the Reconciliation Period. Mr. Brueggeman provided an overview of the power supply products that were procured in order to satisfy the power supply needs of Rider BGS customers during the Reconciliation Period. Mr. Brueggeman testified that as a result of the dramatic reductions in retail load serving obligations, existing energy hedges procured in prior years were on average in excess of forecasted requirements and therefore the IPA did not have a procurement event in 2013. He testified that any difference between energy hedges and actual load settled in the MISO markets.

Mr. Brueggeman described the power supply products pertaining to Rider BGS. The power supply products obtained through previous IPA purchases consisted of capacity, energy and RECs. The capacity product consisted of legacy contracts that gave Ameren Illinois the rights to ZRCs which satisfied a portion of Ameren Illinois' resource adequacy requirement obligations associated with MISO tariffs. Mr. Brueggeman testified that the remainder of Ameren Illinois' resource adequacy requirement for the plan year was procured through the MISO capacity auction, as specified in the IPA Procurement Plan. He testified that Renewable Energy Credits procured through the 2010 LTTPAs and the 2012 Rate Stability Procurement met the Company's RECs requirement for the 2013 plan year. He states, in addition, other miscellaneous services were obtained from the MISO consistent with the approved IPA procurement plan.

Mr. Brueggeman further testified that the energy product consisted of legacy physical contracts consistent with the approved IPA procurement plans. The physical settlement contracts required the contracting parties to confirm schedules through MISO, where the seller transferred energy to Ameren Illinois and thus reduced the MISO energy charges that otherwise would have been incurred. Ameren Illinois then directly paid the seller the agreed-upon fixed price for the contractual quantity of energy. The LTPPAs, according to Mr. Brueggeman, included an energy component that was settled through a financial swap on a fixed for floating basis where the floating price was calculated as the average MISO Day-Ahead Locational Marginal Pricing for each hour of each settlement month at the Company's Load Zone. He states that the parties then netted the difference between the agreed upon fixed price and the floating price. Mr. Brueggeman states that the RECs obtained from the LTPPAs and the Rate Stability Procurement were used solely to meet the RPS requirement.

Mr. Brueggeman explained that the Commission-approved procurement plan identified physical transactions as the mechanism to hedge the cost of energy. Since the energy purchases were done in blocks as specified in previous procurement plans, any difference between the hedges and actual load was settled through the MISO energy markets. He states further that the combination of previous Commission-approved physical transaction contracts and spot energy settlement from MISO made up the energy purchases pertaining to Rider BGS load, and described the other products procured on behalf of Ameren Illinois' real time pricing tariffs.

Mr. Brueggeman discussed the legislative provisions related to the prudence of purchases that result from the IPA procurement process; explained that purchases made via the IPA procurement process were made in a manner consistent with the procurement provisions of the Illinois Public Utilities Act (PUA), and the Ameren Illinois performed all prudent acts in a manner consistent with the law and the Commission's order approving the Plan in Docket 12-0544; and that Ameren Illinois recovers costs incurred for power procurements pertaining to Rider BGS through Rider PER – Purchased Electricity Recovery (Rider PER). Mr. Brueggeman concluded that the costs incurred under Rider PER were reasonable because the purchases made via the IPA procurement process were consistent with the procurement provisions of the PUA, and that Ameren Illinois has reasonably performed all acts consistent with the law, including the Commission's prior orders.

Mr. Perniciaro testified about the means by which revenues for each Ameren Illinois rate zone were collected, how they were accounted for, any accounting adjustments made during the course of the Reconciliation Period, and the costs attributable to the relevant procurement activities. He also provided a summary schedule detailing the internal administrative and operational costs associated with the procurement of electric power and energy for retail customers during the period under review.

Mr. Perniciaro's testimony included the following exhibits, which provided the information set forth below:

- Ameren Exhibit 3.1 – Rate Zone I Combined Rate Zone PER reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.2 – Rate Zone I Rider HSS reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.3 – Rate Zone II Rider HSS reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.4 – Rate Zone III Rider HSS reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.5 – Combined Rate Zone Rider HSS reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.6 – Combined Rate Zone Summary reconciliation of costs and revenues for the period ending May 31, 2014;
- Ameren Exhibit 3.7 – Internal Administrative and Operational Costs Associated with Procurement ending December 31, 2014

According to Mr. Perniciaro, these exhibits: show the recovery of Ameren Illinois' total allowable costs over the Reconciliation Period for the BGS-FP fixed price and hourly price for small customer products RTP under Rider PER (Ameren Ex. 3.1); demonstrate the final amortization of the regulatory balances in the individual rate zones as Rider HSS completed its transition to a consolidated rate (Ameren Exs. 3.2-3.4); show the recovery of Ameren Illinois' total allowable costs over the Reconciliation Period for the hourly price product for large customers under Rider HSS, as well as the transition to a consolidated reconciliation (Ameren Ex. 3.5); summarize Ameren Illinois' total allowable costs over the Reconciliation Period under Riders PER and HSS and the Factor A requested by Ameren Illinois based upon the proposed adjustments (Ameren Ex. 3.6); and show the reconciliation of internal administrative and operational costs associated with procuring electric power and energy for retail customers over the Reconciliation Period (Ameren Ex. 3.7).

Mr. Perniciaro explained why Ameren Illinois includes internal administrative and operational costs through December 31, 2014, when the Initiating Order only calls for costs during the Reconciliation Period. In Docket 12-0548, Ameren Illinois agreed to change the applicable tariffs to allow for the inclusion of the internal administrative and operation costs within the riders; this change in tariffs requires the reconciliation of internal administrative and operational costs on a calendar year basis. Mr. Perniciaro testified that the \$360,039 indicated in Ameren Exhibit 3.7 as an over recovery will be included as an ordered Factor A in a future filing, and that Ameren Exhibit 3.7 provides the support for this adjustment and will be used to satisfy the Initiating Order's request for reconciliation of the internal administrative and operational costs through the December 31, 2014 reconciliation period.

Mr. Perniciaro explained the procedures Ameren Illinois follows in producing and filing the monthly reconciliations. The monthly Riders PER and HSS revenues are calculated using Ameren Illinois' reports for sales and estimated billed output. The "actual" revenues reported in the filings are estimated based on actual rates for billed and estimated unbilled volumes. Revenues are tracked for each category of service (*i.e.*,

BGS-FP and HSS). Mr. Perniciaro further explained that the cost components are provided by different groups. The cost of power and renewable energy credits (RECs) from the IPA procurement process are based upon the IPA procurement invoices received from the suppliers. The cost of power and market settlement costs from Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) are provided by the Power Accounting group based on the MISO settlement statements. The cost of power provided by Qualified Facilities (QF) is calculated from the output provided by the TSBC, priced either at the prices specified in the tariff or at the average locational marginal price for the month. He explained that the ancillary services expenses for Schedules 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 25 and 26 are based on MISO tariff pricing for the HSS-category. Capacity costs for fixed price customers are primarily from suppliers' bills. However, some incremental capacity for fixed price customers is purchased from or sold into MISO's Planning Resource Auction (PRA) as a result of changing loads. Capacity for HSS customers is procured entirely in the PRA. The free service load (power supply provided to municipalities pursuant to franchise agreements) is provided by the Energy Delivery Customer Service group and the company use load is set in the rate case; these volumes are priced at the monthly average cost. The calculations for company use and free service include an adjustment for line losses.

Mr. Perniciaro described the procedures Ameren Illinois follows in producing and filing the annual reconciliations. The Cost Item portions of the annual reconciliation are received from the sources listed in Table 1 below. Revenues are calculated from Company reports for sales and estimated billed output. Adjustments are made for cycle billing (unbilled volumes).

Table 1

|   | Cost Item                                   | Category of Service |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1 | Bilateral Energy and REC Costs              | BGS-FP; RTP         |
| 2 | MISO Energy Costs                           | BGS-FP; RTP; HSS    |
| 3 | MISO Market Settlement                      | BGS-FP; RTP; HSS    |
| 4 | Rider QF Costs                              | BGS-FP; RTP         |
| 5 | Ancillary Services                          | BGS-FP; RTP; HSS    |
| 6 | Capacity                                    | BGS-FP; RTP; HSS    |
| 7 | Company Use & Free Service under Franchises | BGS-FP; RTP         |



Mr. Perniciaro explained how company use normally affects Riders PER or HSS. Ameren Illinois purchases power for all customers, including power supplied for Company Use. Similar to the process used in the Purchased Gas Adjustment riders, the total amount of power purchased is reduced by the cost associated with Company Use. This reduction occurred in the "Recoverable Costs" line of the annual reconciliation. The remaining balance of purchased electricity is then recovered through Rider PER. The Company Use amount is recovered separately through general Delivery Service rate case proceedings. Mr. Perniciaro explained that Rider PER and HSS customers benefitted from recording the impact of company use (power used by its own facilities) twice in the over/under calculation, resulting in Ameren Illinois under-recovering its recoverable costs. When Riders PER and HSS (and their predecessors Rider MV and RTP-L) were set up, company use bills were created in the customer billing system to better track the amount of electricity used by Ameren Illinois and to substantiate future amounts of company use expense collected in Delivery Service rate cases. According to Mr. Perniciaro, these revenues used customer revenue accounting that was credited to FERC Account 442. This resulted in the Company Use revenue being included in the "Revenues" line of the annual reconciliation. The inclusion of this revenue prevented Ameren Illinois from recovering its true recoverable costs from the Rider PER and HSS customers.

Mr. Perniciaro explains how Ameren Illinois will correct for the under recovery going forward. Ameren Illinois requests a Factor A adjustment in open dockets. The 2014 amounts were corrected in the general ledger to correct financial and regulatory reporting for 2014. Ameren Illinois was granted a Factor A adjustment of \$17,271,588 in Docket 13-0527. Ameren Illinois was also granted a Factor A adjustment of \$2,096,854 in Docket 14-0568. In the current docket, Ameren Illinois is requesting a Factor A adjustment in the amount of \$578,098 for Rider PER and \$410,452 for Rider HSS (total of \$998,550 for the two riders) for the 2013 calendar periods included in this reconciliation that were not fixed by correcting the reported revenue in the customer billing system.

Mr. Perniciaro testified that an internal audit found revenue that should be included in PER was not due to the customer billing system defaulting to invalid mapping under certain circumstances. The total amount of revenue not included in Rider PER was \$1,276.80 for the following reconciliation periods:

|                      |            |
|----------------------|------------|
| June 2013 – May 2014 | \$ 72.76   |
| June 2014 – May 2015 | \$1,204.04 |

Mr. Perniciaro also testified that an internal audit also discovered the loss percentage for the calculation of free service volumes was incorrect. This resulted in an overstated cost for PER customers. The total amount of over-stated expense was \$5,316.49 for the following reconciliation periods:

|                      |          |
|----------------------|----------|
| June 2013 – May 2014 | \$ 19.46 |
|----------------------|----------|

June 2014 – May 2015

\$5,297.03

For these two issues, \$92.22 will be included in this docket. The remaining \$6,501.07 will be included in the reconciliation docket for June 2014 through May 2015. According to Mr. Perniciaro, the amounts reported in the “Separately Reported 2013 – 2014 Other Adjustments” line of Exhibit 3.6 includes the over-recovery of the first reconciliation of the internal administrative and operation costs associated with procurement previously determined in Docket No. 13-0527.

Mr. Perniciaro testified that collateral costs are not included in the 2013-2014 Recoverable Costs. According to the Order in Docket 07-0527, Ameren Illinois is allowed to pass through collateral costs related to energy procurement once Staff and Ameren Illinois agree on the methodology, but that methodology has not yet been developed and thus are not included in the Reconciliation Period. Ameren Illinois reserves the right to do so in the future.

### **III. STAFF TESTIMONY**

Mr. Kahle testified on behalf of Staff. He testified that he reviewed and analyzed Ameren Illinois’ reconciliations of revenues collected under Rider PER and Rider HSS with the costs incurred in connection with power procurement activities as defined in the tariffs of Ameren Illinois. Mr. Kahle proposed adjustments to increase the Ordered Factor O from Dockets 11-0354/0355/0356 by \$81,134 for Rider PER and reduce the Ordered Factor O from Dockets 11-0354/0355/0356 for Rider HSS by the same amount. Mr. Kahle explains that this adjustment is necessary so that reconciliation data from prior years agrees with the Docket 14-0568 Final Order. Mr. Kahle further explained that Ameren Illinois made adjustments in its proposed reconciliation of riders that moved (\$81,134) of Dockets 11-0354/0355/0356 Factor O from Rider HSS to Rider PER to correct what Ameren Illinois considers to be an error in the Dockets 11-0354/0355/0356 Final Order. Staff believes that figures from a previous Final Order should remain intact and any adjustments should flow through the current reconciliation. Since the ordered over-recovery was refunded during the reconciliation period, Mr. Kahle’s adjustment does not affect the cumulative over-recovery or Ameren Illinois’ requested Factor O. Mr. Kahle recommended the Commission accept the reconciliation presented on Staff’s Schedule 1.01 as the reconciliation of Rider PER and Rider HSS for the 12-month period ending May 31, 2014.

### **IV. COMMISSION CONCLUSIONS, FINDINGS AND ORDERING PARAGRAPHS**

The Commission, being fully advised, is of the opinion and finds that:

- (1) The Commission has jurisdiction over the subject matter and the parties in this proceeding;
- (2) The recitals of fact set forth in the prefatory portion of this Order are supported by the record and are hereby adopted as findings of fact;

- (3) For the reconciliation of supply procurement costs, a Factor A refund adjustment of \$360,039 plus applicable interest shall be applied going forward;
- (4) For the 12-month Reconciliation Period beginning June 1, 2013 and ending May 31, 2014, a Factor A adjustment of \$578,152 for Rider PER and \$410,452 for Rider HSS, for a total of under- recovery of \$988,604 plus applicable interest shall be applied going forward; and,
- (5) The revenues collected under Ameren Illinois' power procurement riders were properly reconciled with costs prudently incurred for the 12-month Reconciliation Period, as shown in the Appendix A attached hereto.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that for the Reconciliation Period of June 1, 2013 through May 31, 2014, the reconciliations of revenues collected under Ameren Illinois' power procurement riders with costs prudently incurred in connection with procurement activities as defined in the tariff of Ameren Illinois, as shown on Staff's Schedule 1.01 and which is attached as Appendix A to this Order, is hereby approved.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, subject to the provisions of Section 10-113 of the Public Utilities Act and 83 Illinois Administrative Code 200.880, this Order is final; it is not subject to the Administrative Review Law.

By Order of the Commission this \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2016.

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(SIGNED) Brien Sheahan  
Chairman